GENERAL REHABILITATION

Studies show that overall outcomes are better if you choose a skilled nursing facility for your rehabilitation following your hospital stay instead of home health.

Why?

- · Faster start of therapy, often day of admission
- More therapy disciplines, typically 2-3 disciplines instead of 1-2
- · Longer therapy sessions
- Therapy received 5-6 days a week instead of 2-3
- Better access to therapy equipment
- · Superior collaborative care
- · Effective pain control
- 24/7 post surgical supervision and assistance
- Onsite physician visits
- 24/7 meal availability and nutritional monitoring
- Socialization/Support group atmosphere



During your stay:

Physical therapy will address:

- 1. Pain control through the use of electrical stimulation
- 2. Edema reduction through the use of therapeutic massage
- 3. Range of motion through gentle hands-on techniques
- 4. Progressive strengthening using specialized equipment
 - Gait analysis and treatment to eliminate deviations
 - Functional transfer and bed mobility training
 - 7. Home exercise administration



- 1. Activities of daily living performance which include lower and upper extremity dressing, grooming, toileting and personal hygiene skills.
- 2. Simulation of kitchen/home making environments
- 3. Home safety evaluations to address any obstacles w/ recommendations for simple home modifications to assure safe dc to home environment

The Speech/Language Pathologist will address:

- 1. Post anesthetic cognition (the most common factor overlooked after surgery and not provided by home health)
- 2. Nutritional intake to maximize healing
- 3. Implementation of swallowing strategies and techniques in order to advance to the safest/least restrictive diet and liquid consistencies
- 4. Cognition: including attention, memory, executive function, sequencing, problem-solving, and safety awareness



95% of patients reach the following goals by discharge:

- Ambulate 1000 feet in order to return to community.
- Perform independent transfers and bed mobility
- Tinetti balance score of 23/28 which translates into a low risk for falls
- 4+/5 extremity strength
- Knee extension within normal limits to maximize ambulation distance
- Hamstring, gastrocnemius muscle lengths and hip rotators within normal limits to allow for proper gait pattern.
- Independent with home exercise program





Studies show that overall outcomes are better if you choose a skilled nursing facility for your rehabilitation following your stroke instead of home health.

Why?

- · Faster start of therapy, often day of admission
- More therapy disciplines, typically 2-3 disciplines instead of 1-2
- · Longer therapy sessions
- Therapy received 5-6 days a week instead of 2-3
- · Better access to therapy equipment
- · Superior collaborative care
- · Effective pain control
- 24/7 post surgical supervision and assistance
- Onsite physician visits
- 24/7 meal availability and nutritional monitoring
- Socialization/Support group atmosphere
- · Post stroke medications dispensed



STROKE

During your stay:

Physical therapy will address:

- 1. Pain and spasticity control through the use of electrical stimulation
- 2. Edema reduction through the use of therapeutic massage
- 3. Range of motion through gentle hands-on techniques
 - 4. Progressive strengthening using specialized equipment
 - 5. Gait analysis and treatment to eliminate deviations
 - Functional transfer and bed mobility training
 - 7. Home exercise administration

Occupational Therapy will address:

- 1. Activities of daily living performance, which include lower and upper extremity dressing, grooming, toileting and personal hygiene skills in standing.
- 2. Simulation of kitchen/home making environments
- 3. Home safety evaluations to address any obstacles w/recommendations for simple home modifications to assure safe dc to home environment

The Speech/Language Pathologist will address:

- Post anesthetic cognition (the most common factor overlooked after surgery and not provided by home health)
- 2. Nutritional intake to maximize healing
- 3. Implementation of swallowing strategies and techniques in order to advance to the safest/least restrictive diet and liquid consistencies
- Cognition: including attention, memory, executive function, sequencing, problem-solving, and safety awareness



75% of patients reach the following goals by discharge:

- Ambulate 300 feet with assistive device in order to return to community
- Perform transfers and bed mobility independently with caregiver supervision
- Hamstring, gastrocnemius muscle lengths and hip rotators range of motion within normal limits to allow for proper gait pattern and minimize spasticity
- 4/5 lower extremity strength to minimize loss of balance and minimize gait deviations
- Independent with home exercise program





TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT

Studies show that overall outcomes are better if you choose a skilled nursing facility for your rehabilitation following your THR instead of home health.

Why?

- Faster start of therapy, often day of admission
- More therapy disciplines, typically 2-3 disciplines instead of 1-2
- Longer therapy sessions
- Therapy received 5-6 days a week instead of 2-3
- · Better access to therapy equipment
- Superior collaborative care
- Effective pain control
- 24/7 post surgical supervision and assistance
- Onsite physician visits
- 24/7 meal availability and nutritional monitoring
- Socialization/Support group atmosphere
- Post surgical medications dispensed



During your stay:

Physical therapy will address:

- Pain control through the use of cold packs, electrical stimulation
- 2. Edema reduction through the use of therapeutic massage
 - 3. Range of motion through gentle hands-on techniques
 - 4. Progressive strengthening using specialized equipment
 - 5. Gait analysis and treatment to eliminate deviations
 - 6. Functional transfer and bed mobility training
 - 7. Home exercise administration

Occupational Therapy will address:

Activities of daily living
performance which include lower
and upper extremity dressing,
grooming, toileting and personal
hygiene skills in standing

- 2. Simulation of kitchen/home making environments
- Home safety evaluations to address any obstacles w/ recommendations for simple home modifications to assure safe dc to home environment

The Speech/Language Pathologist will address:

- 1. Post anesthetic cognition (the most common factor overlooked after surgery and not provided by home health)
- 2. Nutritional intake to maximize healing
- Development and implementation of memory strategies to assist with recall of hip precautions and home exercises



95% of patients reach the following goals by discharge:

- 90° of hip flexion: minimum amount of hip flexion needed to perform effective transfers and lower extremity dressing while staying within hip precautions
- Hamstring, gastrocnemius muscle lengths and hip rotators range of motion within normal limits to allow for proper gait pattern.
- 4+/5 hip adductor/abductor strength to minimize loss of balance and maximize bed mobility
- Ambulate 300 feet with assistive device in order to return to community.
- Perform independent transfers and bed mobility
- Tinetti balance score of 23/28 which translates into a low risk for falls
- · Independent with home exercise program







Studies show that overall outcomes are better if you choose a skilled nursing facility for your rehabilitation following your surgery instead of home health.

Why?

- Faster start of therapy, often day of admission
- More therapy disciplines, typically 2-3 disciplines instead of 1-2
- Longer therapy sessions
- Therapy received 5-6 days a week instead of 2-3
- · Better access to therapy equipment
- · Superior collaborative care
- · Effective pain control
- 24/7 post surgical supervision and assistance
- · On-site physician visits
- 24/7 meal availability and nutritional monitoring
- Socialization/Support group atmosphere
- · Post surgical medications dispensed



During your stay:

Physical therapy will address:

- 1. Pain control through the use of cold packs, electrical stimulation
- 2. Edema reduction through the use of therapeutic massage
- 3. Range of motion through gentle handson techniques
 - 4. Progressive strengthening using specialized equipment
 - 5. Gait analysis and treatment to eliminate deviations
 - 6. Functional transfer and bed mobility training
 - 7. Home exercise administration

Occupational Therapy will address:

1. Activities of daily living performance, which include lower and upper extremity dressing, grooming, toileting and personal hygiene skills in standing.

The Speech/Language Pathologist will address:

- 1. Most anesthetic cognition (the most common factor overlooked after surgery and not provided by home health)
- 2. Nutritional intake to maximize healing

89% of patients reach the following goals by discharge:

- 100° of knee flexion (bend): the amount of bend needed in order to stand up, keep toe from dragging on the floor when walking and ride comfortably in a car
- 0° of knee extension (straightening): amount of straightening needed in order to lie comfortably in bed and stand/walk for an average amount of time
- Ambulate 300 feet with assistive device in order to return to community
- Perform 10 straight leg raises unassisted to demonstrate overall stability
- Perform independent transfers and bed mobility
- Tinetti balance score of 23/28, which translates into a low risk for falls
- Independent with home exercise program



